

The invention relates to medicine, namely to maxillofacial surgery and pediatric oncology, and can be used for the surgical treatment of parotid salivary gland tumors in children.

Summary of the invention consists in that a vertical skin incision is performed in the preauricular region, then it is continued at an angle of 90° under the earlobe, after which the incision is continued to a length of 5 cm parallel to the anterior edge of the sternocleidomastoid muscle; skin flaps are mobilized, the front surface of the affected parotid gland, the anterior edge of the sternocleidomastoid muscle and the mastoid process are exteriorized, which are mobilized and the trunk of the facial nerve is determined at a distance of 0.5 cm from it; it is mobilized one extreme branch of the facial nerve and is performed the partial resection of the parotid gland, or is mobilized in turn each branch of the facial nerve and is performed the subtotal resection of the parotid gland, or is preligated the external carotid artery, is performed the subtotal resection of the anterior part of the parotid gland, then are raised the branches of the facial nerve and is performed the resection of the deep glandular tissue in a block with the tumor, after which the parotid fascia and the wound are sutured in layers.

Claims: 1

Fig.: 2